Reserving nodes for auto-scaling (Preview)

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CLOUDERA TECHNICAL PREVIEW DOCUMENTATION

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Reserving nodes for auto-scaling

To speed up Virtual Warehouse startup and autoscaling, you need to keep some number of compute instances on standby. You need to know how to configure extra buffer nodes to stand by, ready to join a new compute or autoscaled cluster.

Important information about this feature is:

- This feature supports AWS and Azure.
- This feature is behind an entitlement: CDW_CLUSTER_OVERPROVISIONER.
- Adding more reserved nodes increases your cloud costs.
- This feature is a technical preview.

Before you begin:

- You are logged into one of the following CDP environments in Cloudera Data Warehouse (CDW) Kubernetes Public Cloud service.
 - AWS
 - Azure
- You have the CDW_CLUSTER_OVERPROVISIONER entitlement to use this feature.

Required role: DWAdmin

About this task: You increase reserved nodes by configuring the Overprovision compute nodes or Overprovision shared service nodes when you activate the CDW environment. Use the slider to set the Node Count to the additional number of nodes you want to reserve. Compute nodes are used by executors and coordinators, while the shared service nodes are used by other services in the cluster. Compute nodes are relevant to autoscaling events as executors or coordinators are scaled up/down during autoscaling.

0	rovision st	nared servic	e nodes			
	z rovision co Count:	4 ampute nod	6 es	: 8	10	12
- 0	2	4	- 6	- 8	10	12

Adding more reserved nodes increases your cloud costs.

Getting the Availability Zone used by the cluster overprovisioner

When using this feature for compute nodes in AWS, make sure the Availability Zone selected during Virtual Warehouse creation is the same as the one being used by the cluster overprovisioner.

You can determine Availability Zone used by the cluster overprovisioner by following the steps:

1. Run the command to get the compute-reserved-node deployment spec.

kubectl get deployment compute-reserved-node -n cluster -o yaml

2. Open the YAML and locate the spec > affinity > nodeAffinity.

```
spec:
affinity:
nodeAffinity:
requiredDuringSchedulingIgnoredDuringExecution:
nodeSelectorTerms:
    - matchExpressions:
    - key: failure-domain.beta.kubernetes.io/zone
    operator: In
    values:
    - us-west-2a
    - key: compute
    operator: In
    values:
    - "true"
```

In this example, you see us-west-2a is the availability zone being used.

Changing the Availability Zone used by the overprovisioner

Generally, you do not change the Availability Zone used by the overprovisioner, but it is possible to do so. For example, if the cloud provider runs out of nodes in an Availability Zone, or for some other reason, you do not want to configure the Virtual Warehouse in the default Availability Zone of the overprovisioner, change the Availability Zone used by the overprovisioner.

In this task, you edit the compute-reserved-node deployment script to change the value for the key <u>failure-domain.beta.kubernetes.io/zone</u> to the Availability Zone you want, and save the changes.

1. Edit the deployment script.

kubectl edit deployment compute-reserved-node -n cluster

- 2. Update the value for <u>failure-domain.beta.kubernetes.io/zone</u> with the AZ you want, such as *us-west-2b* or *us-west-2c*, associated with your CDW env.
- 3. Save the changes to the deployment spec.

Creating the Virtual Warehouse

- 1. Create a Virtual Warehouse as described in <u>Adding a new Virtual Warehouse</u>, selecting a Hive or Impala SQL engine type.
- 2. Configure the Virtual Warehouse properties: Name, Type, Database Catalog.
- 3. Select the Availability Zone that the cluster overprovisioner uses, as described above. Alternatively, change the Availability Zone of the cluster overprovisioner, as described above, and select that Availability Zone for the Virtual Warehouse.

New Virtua	Warehouse			
Name *				
impala				
Type *				
HIVE	IMPALA			
Database Cata	log *			
itest				
Availability Zone 🥡				
✓ select a	an option			
us-west-2b (subnet-05bbb3a6c02d0a76a)				
us-west-2a (subnet-0ac6a804221711fc2)				
us-west-2 User Groups	2c (subnet-0ee2ba7b5bb2fcc29)			

4. Click Create.