# **Zebra and Streaming**

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#### 1 Overview

Streaming allows you to write application logic in any language and to process large amounts of data using the Hadoop framework. Streaming, which traditionally works with text files, can now be used to process data stored as Zebra tables.

#### 2 Configuration Variables

To use Zebra tables with your streaming applications, used the mapred.lib.table.input.projection variable to specify Zebra columns (fields).

```
bin/hadoop jar $streamingJar -D mapred.lib.table.input.projection="word, count"
```

### 3 Zebra Streaming Examples

In the following examples, TableInputFormat is used for the inputclass and the default TextOutputFormat is used for the outputclass.

#### 3.1 Creating a Zebra Table

Suppose a data file, testfile, contains four fields.

```
en bbb1 1 1880
en bbb2 1 2000
```

You can use a simple Pig script to create a Zebra table, testfile-table. The table consists of one column group with four columns.

#### 3.2 Checking Serialization

This example is a map-only job that checks the serialization. Note that each line starts with a tab since the key is an empty string for tables created by PIG (this changes with sorted tables).

```
$ bin/hadoop jar hadoop-0.20.2-dev-streaming.jar -D mapred.reduce.tasks=0 \
```

#### 3.3 Locating Frequently Visited Pages

This Perl script sorts the pages on number of page view counts. The script outputs space padded count so that string sorting results in correct output. The first TAB separates the key and value for Hadoop streaming.

```
while (<>) {
    chomp;
    s/.?\t(.*)$/$1/ or next; # ignore the key (if any) and remove braces
    split ','; #comma seperated list.
    # key is space padded 3rd column.
    printf("%8d\t%s\n", $_[2], "@_") if @_ == 4; # without a projection

# printf("%8d\t%s\n", shift @_, join(',', @_)); # with projection="count, page"
}
```

Streaming command:

```
$ bin/hadoop jar hadoop-0.20.2-dev-streaming.jar
-input testfile-table -output output -mapper table-mapper.pl -reducer cat \
-inputformat org.apache.hadoop.zebra.mapred.TableInputFormat
```

Pages are printed in increasing order of page view counts.

```
$ tail output/part-00000

10  fr bbbl 10 5883

14  de bbb2 14 2120

20  it bbb3 20 229

45  ja bbb4 45 75

47  de bbb5 47 43488

63  en bbb6 63 2404

73  de bbb7 73 1090

129  en bbb8 129 31

188  en bbb9 188 37

222  en bbb10 222 469
```

## 3.4 Projecting Columns

Use projection to view only a few columns (fields) of a very large table. Modify the output line in the table-mapper.pl script as shown below and run the following streaming command:

```
$ bin/hadoop jar hadoop-0.20.2-dev-streaming.jar -D
mapred.lib.table.input.projection="count,page" \
       -input testfile-table -output output -mapper table-mapper.pl -reducer cat \
        -inputformat org.apache.hadoop.zebra.mapred.TableInputFormat
$ tail output/part-00000
    10
            bbb1
    14
            bbb2
    20
            bbb3
            bbb4
    45
    47
            bbb5
    63
            bbb6
            bbb7
    73
   129
            bbb8
   188
            bbb9
   222
            bbb10
```